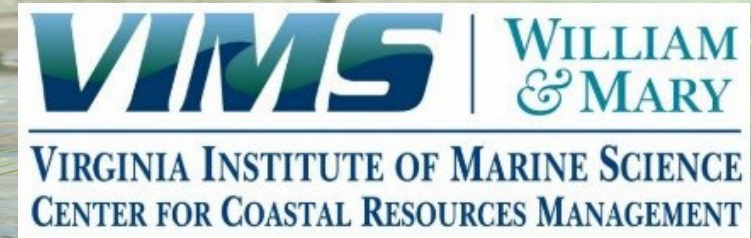


*Adaptation of the
VIMS' Shoreline Management Model
to Assess Site Suitability of Living Shorelines and Emphasize Best
Shoreline Management Practices in the Peconic Estuary*

Karinna Nunez,
Pamela Mason, Tamia Rudnicki

Peconic Estuary Partnership
Technical Advisory Committee Meeting
August 15th, 2024



Background

- Shoreline erosion is a major issue for property owners and environmental planners.
- Increasing trend to adopt and implement strategies that provide the **best management alternatives** to conventional hardening for erosion protection with **minimum adverse effects on riparian and intertidal habitats**

Shoreline Management Model (SMM)

This model was developed to inform, assist, enhance, and streamline regulatory decisions by identifying best management practices (**BMP**) for tidal shoreline erosion control.



Shoreline Management Model (SMM)

Purpose & Intent

1. Provide living shoreline site suitability assessment
2. Generate shoreline management best practice recommendations

For natural & currently defended shorelines with determined problems



Upland Bank Erosion



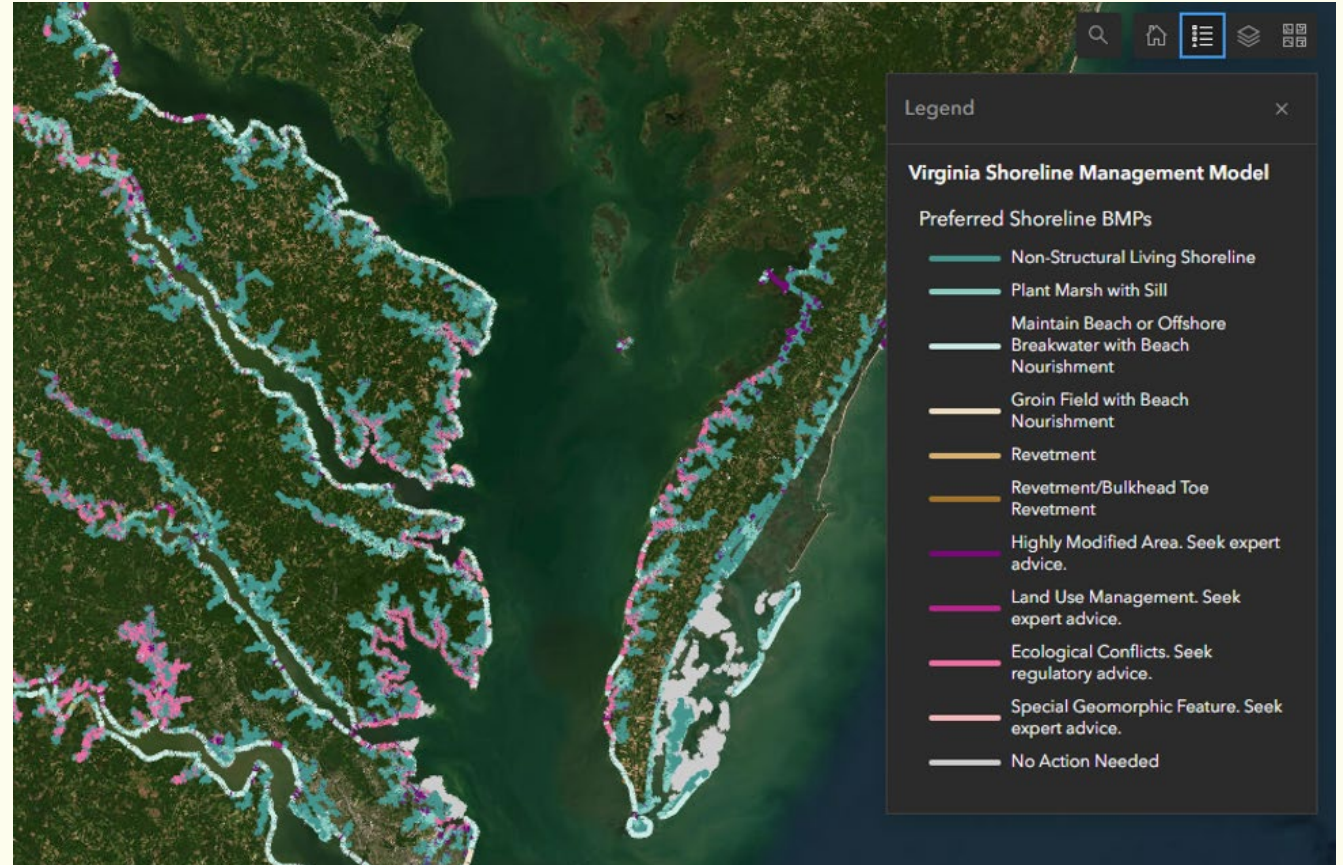
Marsh Edge Erosion



Failing Defense Structures

Shoreline Management Model (SMM)

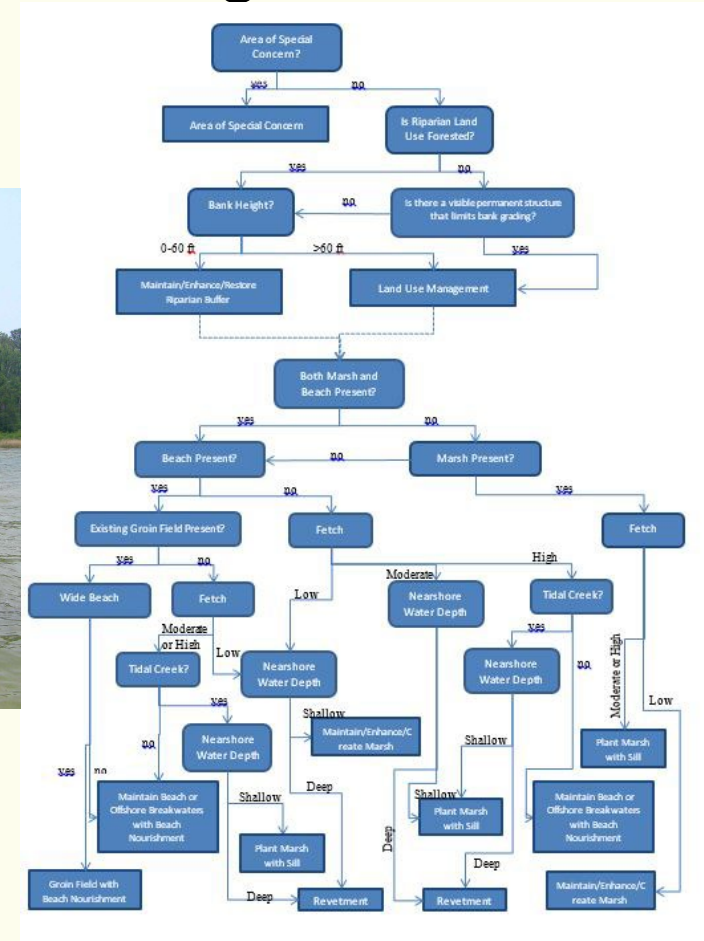
The SMM is spatially-explicitly model run in ArcGIS that provides a recommended approach for tidal shoreline erosion control and **identifies where living shorelines are suitable.**



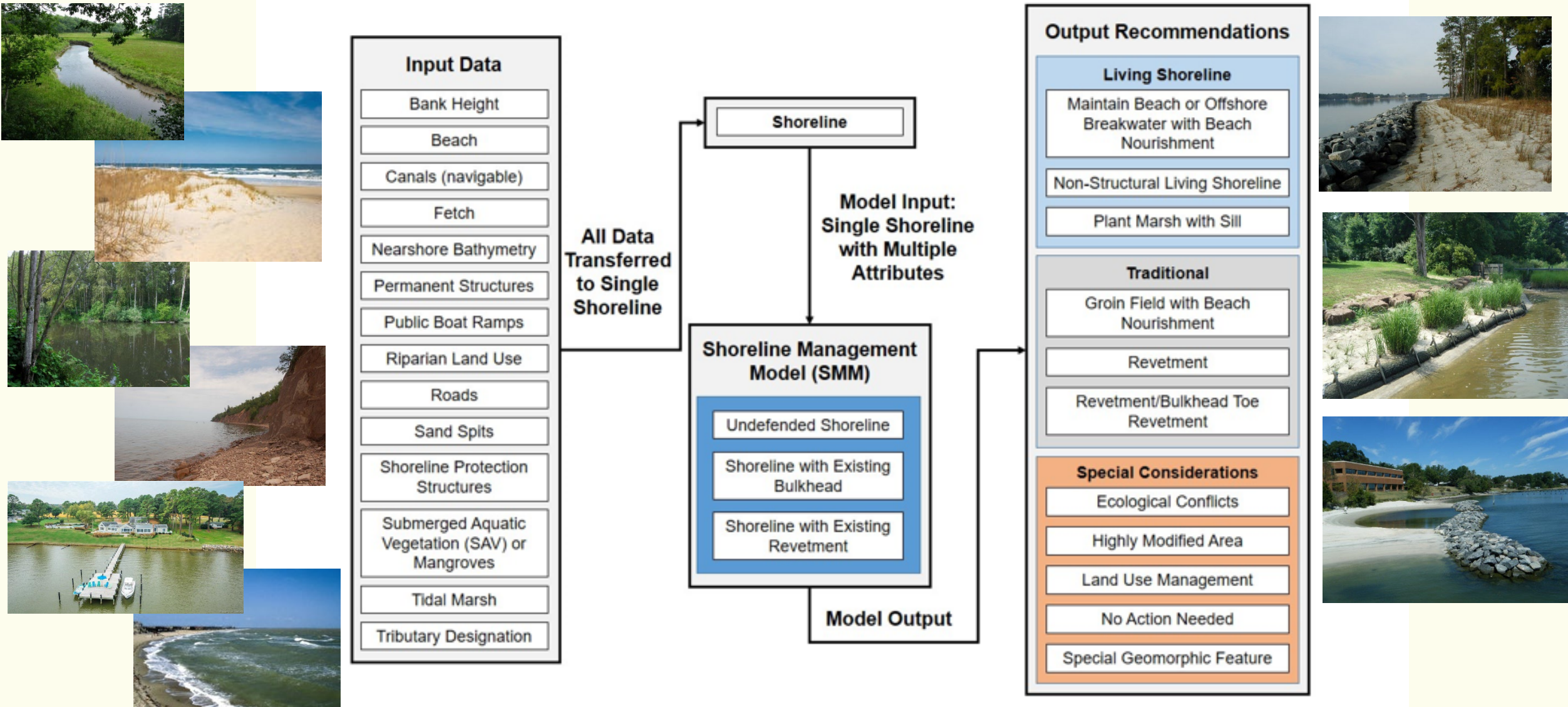
SMM v.5.1 – Decision Tree Logic

Recommended erosion control strategies are based on **decision trees**, developed to inform shoreline decision-making reflective of:

- Current scientific knowledge of how shorelines respond to natural conditions and anthropogenic measures.
- The direct and cumulative impacts of conventional shoreline stabilization.
- Best professional judgment from over 4000 shoreline site visits.



Shoreline Management Model v. 5.1 - Input & Output



Source:

Nunez, K., Rudnick, T., Mason, P., Tombleson, C., Berman, M. (2022). [A geospatial modeling approach to assess site suitability of living shorelines and emphasize best shoreline management practices](#). Ecological Engineering. 179. 106617.

SMM – Shoreline Best Management Practice Recommendations:

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Ecological Conflicts
- Highly Modified Area
- Land Use Management
- No Action Needed
- Special Geomorphic Feature





SMM Output

- Non-Structural Living Shoreline
 - Plant Marsh with Sill
 - Maintain Beach or Offshore Breakwater with Beach Nourishment
 - Groin Field with Beach Nourishment
 - Revetment
 - Revetment / Bulkhead Toe Revetment
 - Highly Modified Area
 - Land Use Management
 - Ecological Conflicts
 - Special Geomorphic Feature
 - No Action Needed
- VBMP 2017 WGS

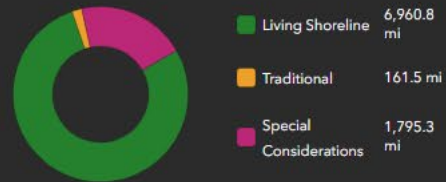
0 45 90 180 Meters



DASHBOARDS


[GIS Data](#)
[← Back](#)
[Locality Shoreline Inventory](#)
[River System Shoreline Inventory](#)
[Shoreline Management Model](#)
[Community Science Data](#)

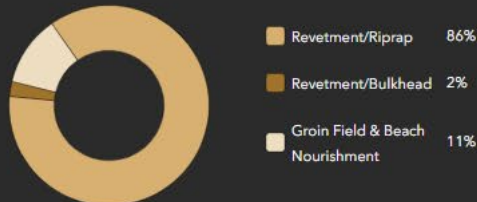
Shoreline Management Model Recommendations



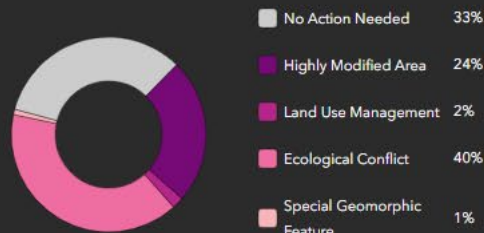
Living Shorelines



Traditional Management

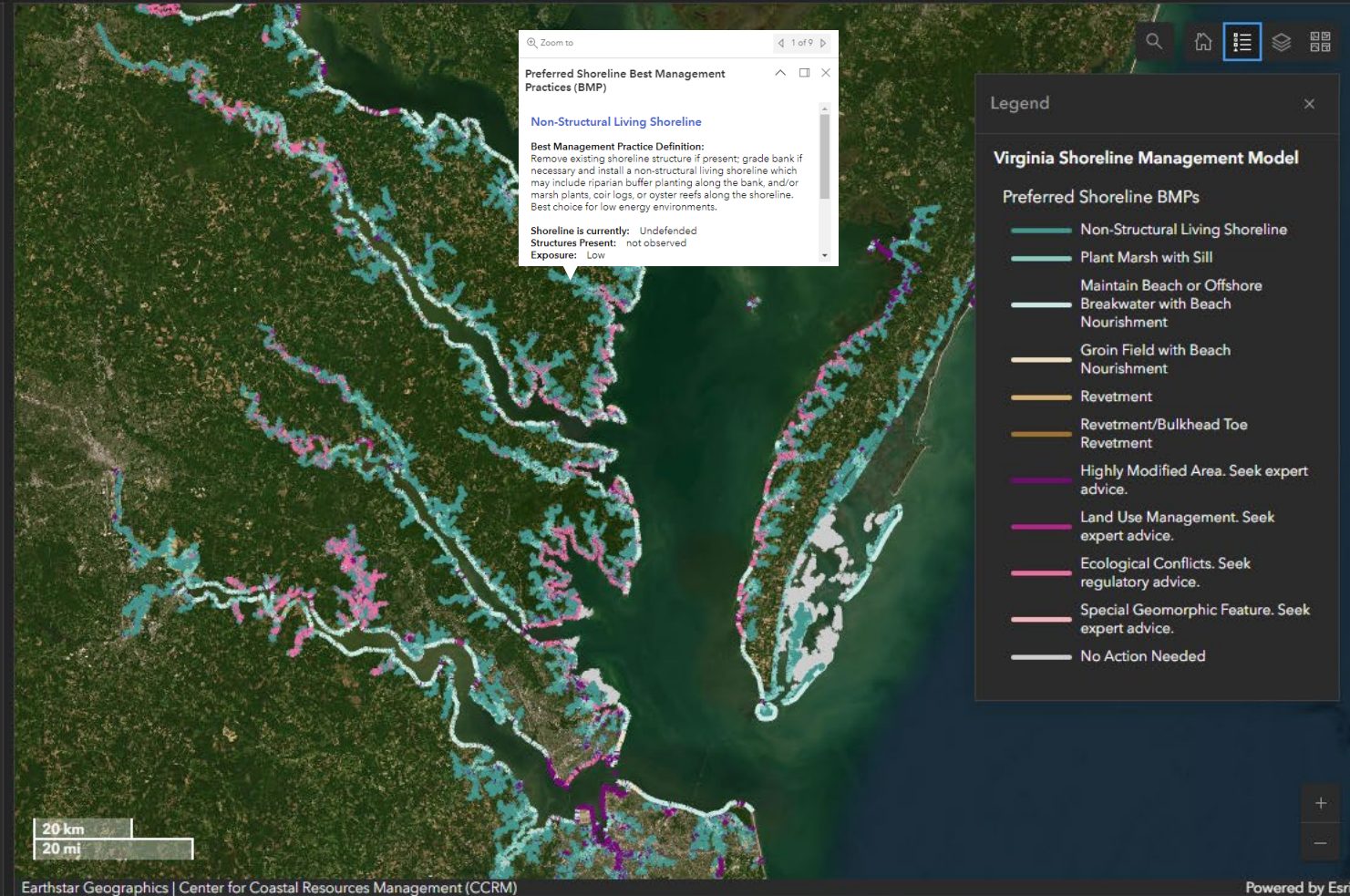


Special Considerations



Select a Locality

	Accomack County 2016
	Alexandria City 2010
	Arlington County 2018
	Caroline County 2018
	Charles City County 2013
	Chesapeake City 2016
	Chesterfield County 2017
	Colonial Heights City 2017
	Essex County 2018
	Fairfax County 2010



SMM (v.6)

Model Inputs



Current Input Data

Bank Height
Beach
Canals (navigable)
Fetch
Nearshore Bathymetry
Permanent Structures
Public Boat Ramps
Riparian Land Use
Roads
Sand Spits
Shoreline Protection Structures
Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV) or Mangroves
Tidal Marsh
Sheltered Waterway

New Input Data

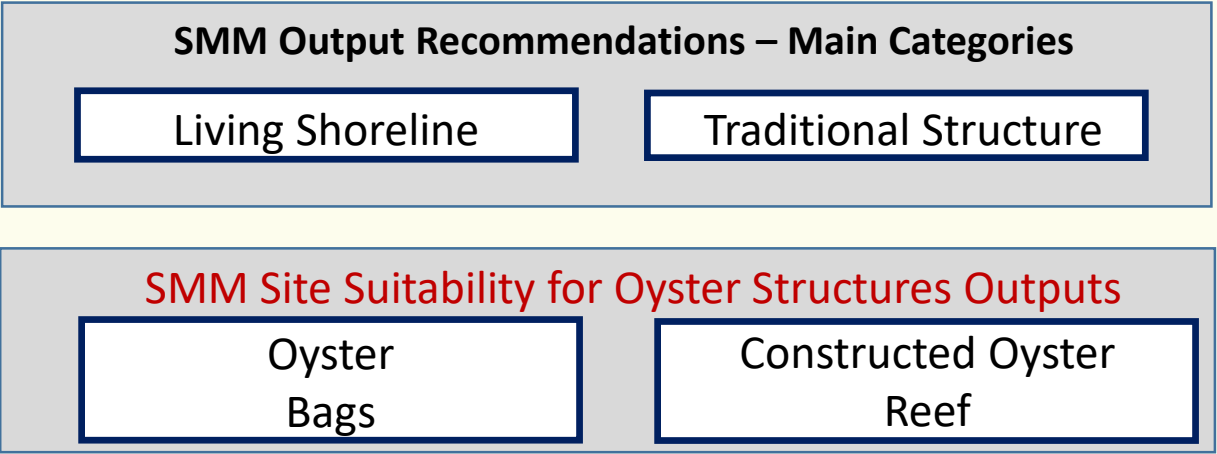
Bank Slope	Agriculture land use
Wave Energy	Rare Threatened Endangered Species
Proximity to Narrow Creeks	Federal Channels

Site suitability for oyster structures

Salinity	Substrate
Bathymetry	Wave Energy

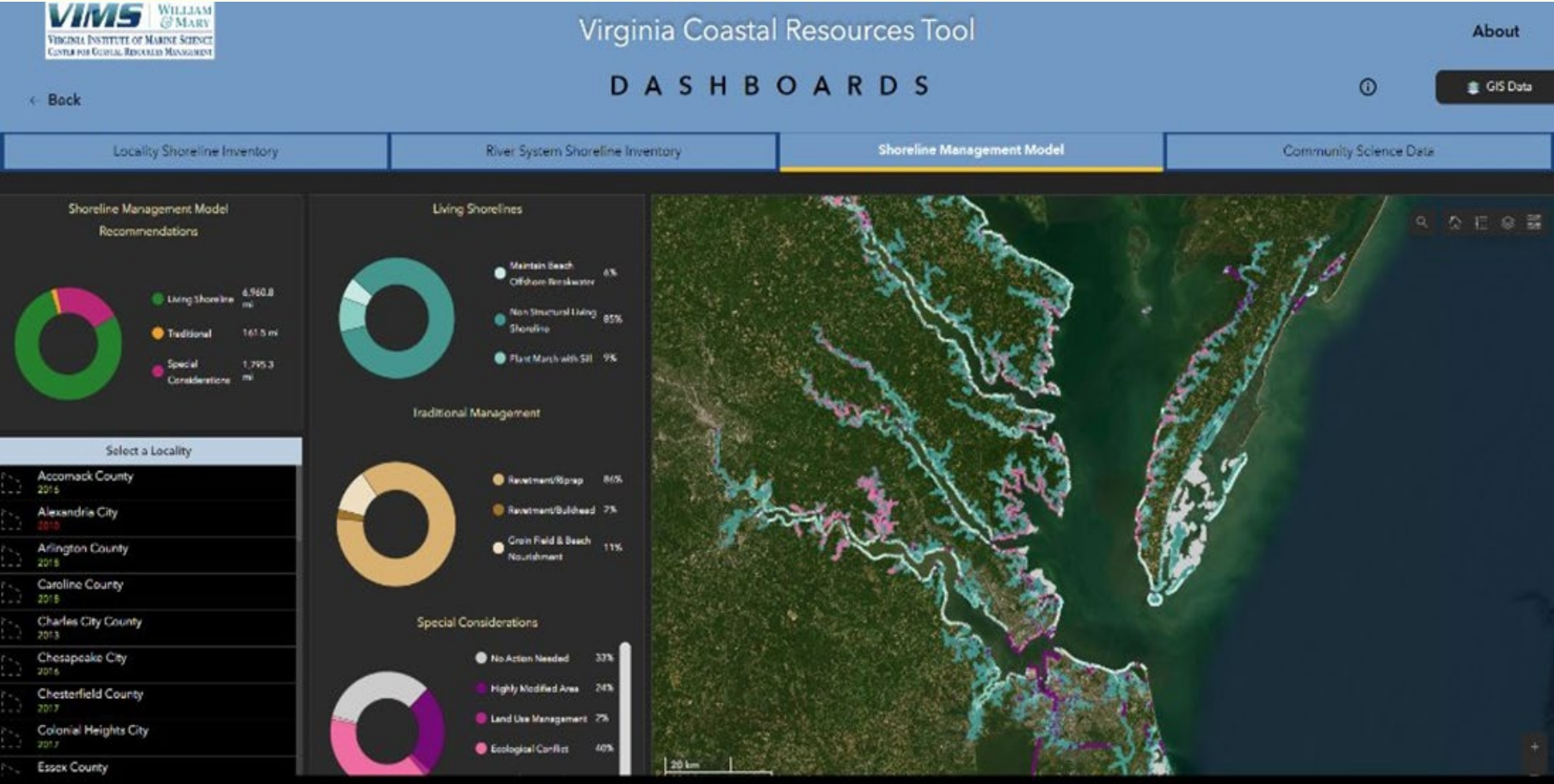
SMM(v.6)

Output Recommendations (n = 21)



Best Management Practices (BMPs) for erosion control (displayed on the shoreline)

Site suitability for habitat enhancement (displayed in the water)



Model Application

Parcel – Scale Shoreline Management

- Regulatory agencies and Wetland Boards (VA)
- Shoreline professionals & contractors
- Private citizens

Pollutant Load Reduction Potential

- Tidal marsh creation & shoreline management BMPs
- Defended shoreline retrofits

Community Resiliency

- Targeting protection & restoration natural and nature-based features
- Living shoreline ranking & co-benefits

Regional Customization

- Exportable code + regional terminology and regulations



Regional Applications - Customized Recommendations

Virginia

Maryland

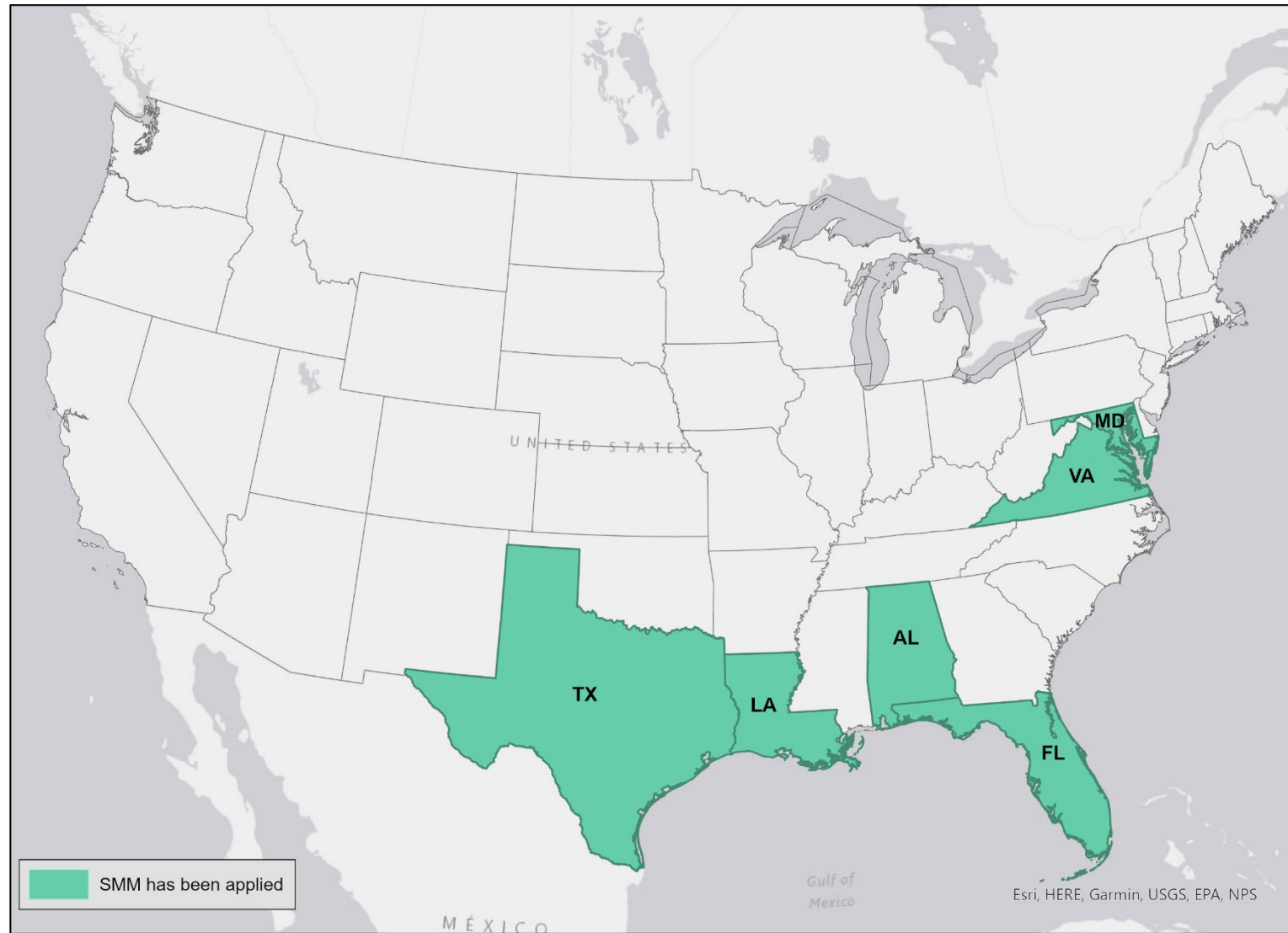
Texas

Florida – Tampa Bay

Louisiana – Lake Pontchartrain

Alabama – Mobile Bay

Alabama & Florida – Pensacola Bay



SMM website: <https://www.vims.edu/ccrm/advisory/ccrmp/bmp/smm/>



6 km
4 mi

Shoreline Protection Recommendation

High-profile Breakwater with Marsh Planting

Definition:

If feasible, remove any existing shoreline structure (i.e. bulkhead, revetment if present) and grade the bank. Whether or not an existing shoreline structure is removed, install a high-profile (three-feet up to four-feet) breakwater at a depth where the top of the structure will be at least six inches above the water at low tide. Materials to consider include, but are not limited to, 18-22-inch diameter clean, crushed concrete (no rebar) or limestone. Behind the breakwater, allow the area to fill with sediment naturally, or use clean fill material to bring it up to an elevation suitable for planting. Stabilize the bank with native upland vegetation such as *Spartina patens* (marsh hay

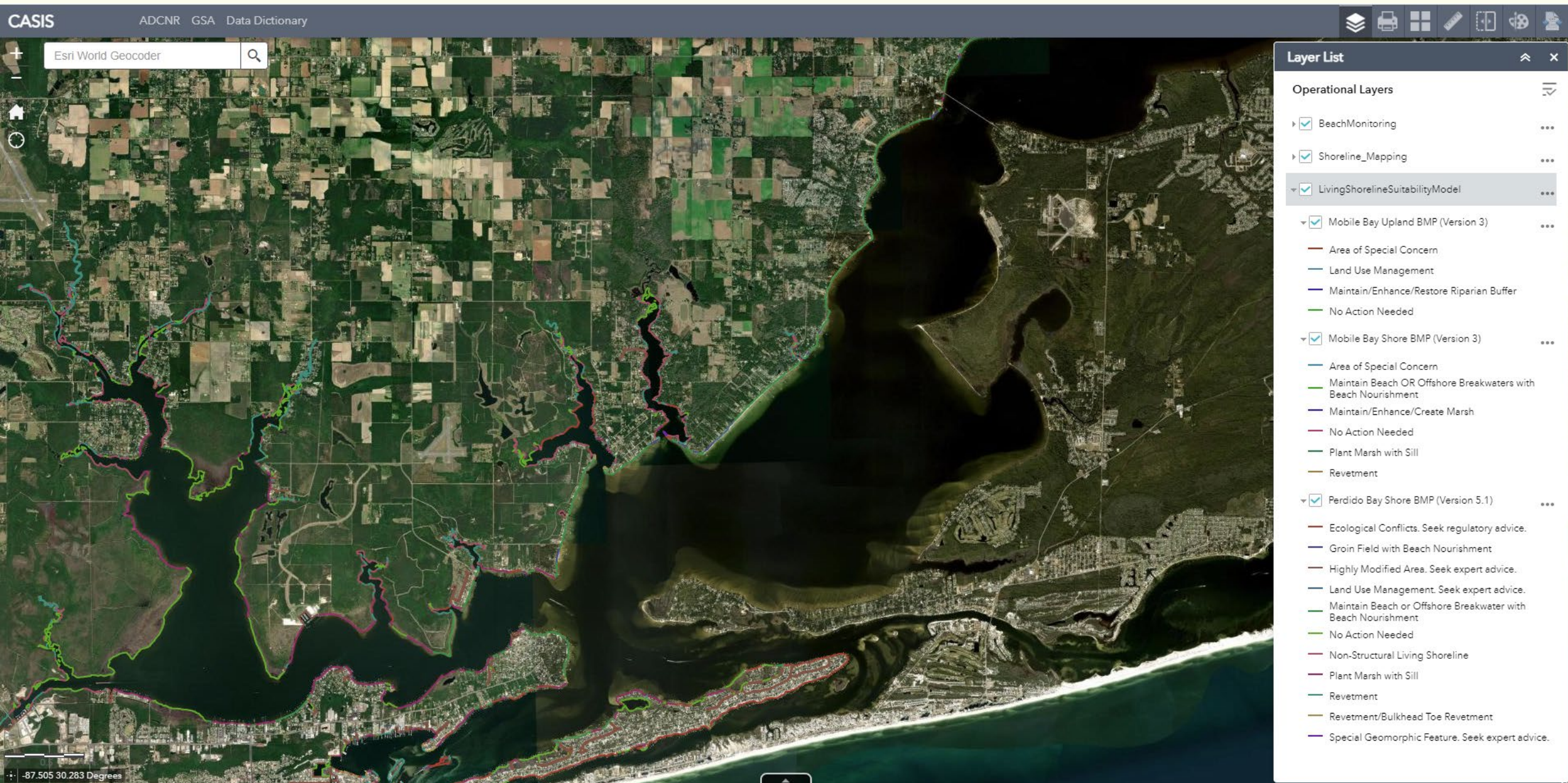
Zoom to

1 of 2

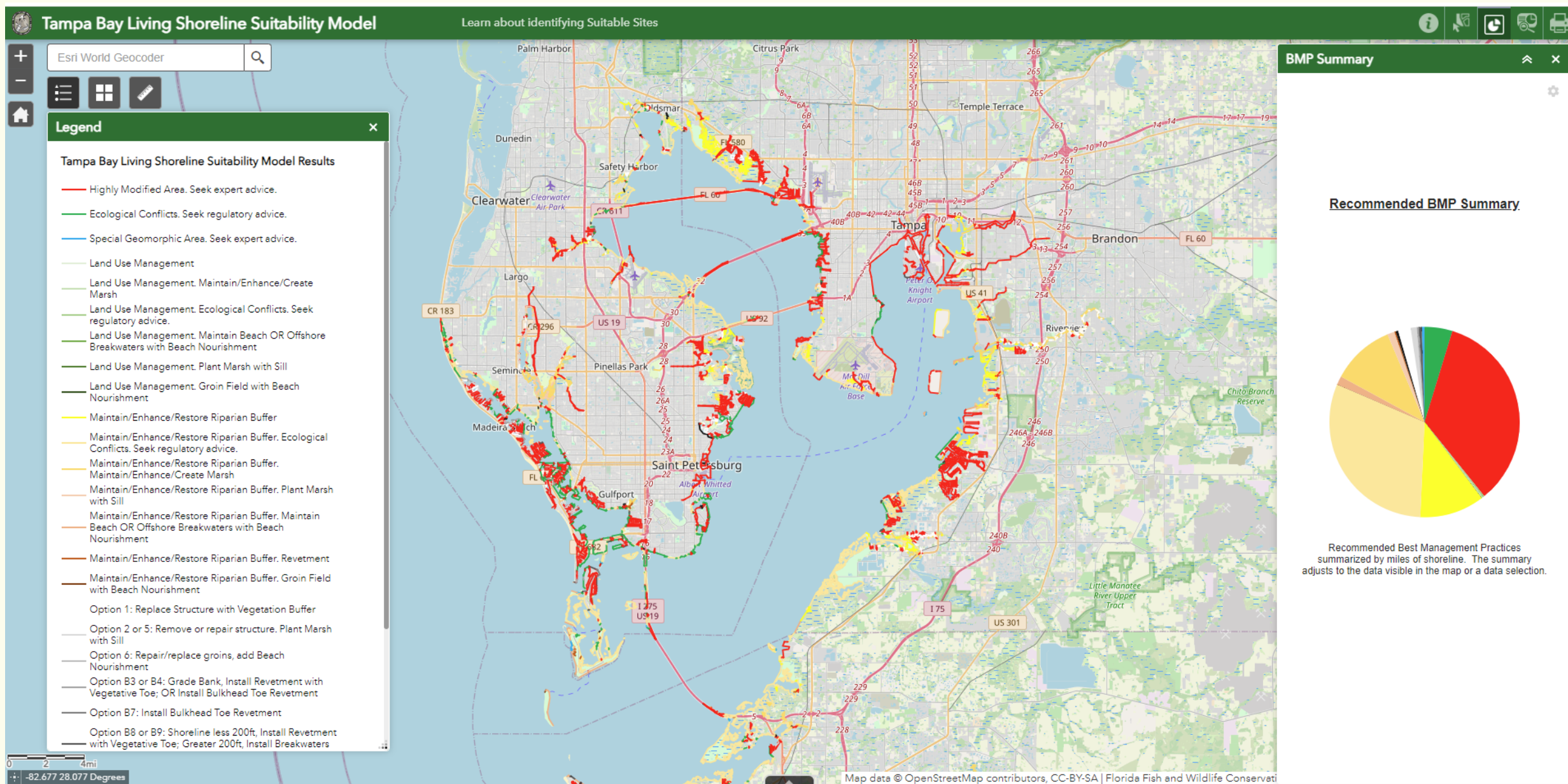
Shoreline Protection
Recommendations

- High-profile Breakwater with Marsh Planting
- Low-profile Breakwater with Marsh Planting
- Marsh Planting with or without Shoreline Grading
- Revetment
- Revetment or Bulkhead with Rock Toe
- Beach Nourishment as needed
- Ecological Conflicts. Seek regulatory advice.
- Existing Breakwater. Seek expert advice.
- Highly Modified Area. Seek expert advice.
- Land Use Management. Seek expert advice.
- No Action Needed

Alabama and Louisiana



<https://www.gsa.state.al.us/apps/CASIS/index.html>





Maryland Shoreline Stabilization Mapper (MSSM)



Map

Glossary

Getting Started



Map Layers MD

▼

Maryland Shoreline Stability Layers

...

Special Consideration Areas

...

Maryland SSM

...

> Maryland Shoreline Inventory Layers

...

> Reference Layers

...

Legend MD

Maryland Shoreline Stability Layers

Special Consideration Areas

—

Special Geomorphic Feature

—

Ecological Considerations

—

Land Use Management

—

Highly Modified Area

Maryland SSM

—

Living Shoreline

—

Undetermined

—

Structural Shoreline Stabilization Measure

Not processed

Reference Layers

Maryland Chesapeake Bay County Mask

□

Outline of Maryland Counties with Chesapeake Bay Shoreline

□

world mask



20 km

Peconic Estuary

Goal:

To **customize** (based on stakeholders' input) and **apply** the **VIMS' Shoreline Management Model (SMM) v.6** to the **Peconic Estuary** to understand which areas are suitable for living shoreline construction and to facilitate efforts to improve shoreline management decision-making in New York.





Center for Coastal Resources Management

SHORELINE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Shoreline Management
Model

[Home](#) > [CCRM](#) > [Shoreline Management](#) > [Shoreline Best Management Practices](#) > Shoreline Management
Model

Shoreline Management Model – SMM

website: <https://www.vims.edu/ccrm/ccrmp/bmp/smm/index.php>

Questions?

Karinna Nunez
Center for Coastal Resources Management
Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences
804-684-7273
karinna@vims.edu

